

How Deep the Snow!  
How Long Eternity!  
But Shun Pessimism.  
Hades May Be Endurable.

Up to your knees in snow, sliding, slipping, weeping, praying—in a few sad instances cursing—on your way to work this morning, you hardly know where to begin talking about things in general.

It cheers you a little to know that Mr. Weaver, the coal man, having closed the churches, goes to Florida to get a little rest and heat. Anything as funny as that makes you laugh—even in the middle of the season's fifteenth blizzard.

It would be easy under such circumstances to be a pessimist, sink into the gloom, and say, "What do I care about the war; I didn't START it."

But pessimism is wrong, and, after all, many are cheerful even in a blizzard.

The Cro Magnon candidate, with the brachycephalic conformation, has left Washington. Who can deny that Providence sent this blizzard, not to tie up the railroad system but to freeze out that candidate?

And there's the news that Cernin sent his speech to President Wilson before the speech was made. The Austrian gentlemen realize that rest for the weary must be found in this direction. They are getting ready to make their arrangements with the United States.

The German Socialist party that forgot its principles and became as bloodthirsty as the rest of Prussia when war started, seems to be coming back to its senses—as its stomach gets empty.

The chief murderers in Prussia are as well pleased with their work as ever—but the little men sent out to do the killing are getting tired of it. Scheidemann is doing some plain talking that must make the well-preserved, well-fed, and entirely unwounded seven Hohenzollern warriors—one father and six sons—do considerable worrying.

Through blizzards and bloodshed, brutality and stupidity, muddling, incompetency, delay, and famine, peace is coming.

In the language of our little friend, "Skinny Shaver," of the comic page, "Don't let 'em tell ya different."

The Commissioner of Internal Revenue sends out a pitiful appeal to stop the making of illicit whiskey.

"Astounding and distressing," says the commissioner, in describing conditions. He says in a letter to the governors of all States, the morale of every army camp in the prohibition States is in jeopardy through illicit distilling and sale of whiskey.

Naturally, any fool, except the fanatic prohibitionist, could have predicted these conditions.

You can't make even a horse drink water if he doesn't want to—and you can't make a man drink water if he doesn't want to.

Prohibition virtue and political hypocrisy combined will not change human nature in a day or a century.

When whiskey that costs to make less than \$1 a gallon can be sold for \$16 a gallon, and made in any cellar or woodshed, prohibition won't stop whiskey.

It will only stop the harmless light wine and beer that fight against whiskey and promote temperance.

This warning by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue should cause thought in those about to incorporate the illicit whiskey distillery into the constitution of the United States.

Mr. C. B. Slem, Congressman, introduces a bill reading "Resolved, That no daily newspaper shall be admitted to the privileges of second class matter unless such newspaper can establish that it has had a consistent editorial policy for at least thirty consecutive days during any calendar year."

This is a serious blow at the liberty of the press.

Mr. Sunday takes up hellfire and eternity, and describes both well.

"Eternity will always have as long to run as when it first began," says Mr. Sunday. Hell, he says, quoting the Bible, is "a lake of fire and a furnace of fire," and "the smoke of their torment ascended forever and ever."

The hopeful thought is: After a few trillion years in that lake of fire, might we gradually settle down, get used to it, perhaps even begin making money and running for office as we do here on earth?

It's not impossible. Man's adaptability to environment is amazing.

Old Cotton Mather taught that the blissful in Heaven were made happier by looking down at their brothers and sisters burning forever.

Perhaps it is arranged so that the blissful up above get all the fun out of watching the others burning—while those that are burning get used to it and don't suffer so much. How would that be for a merciful compromise?

**WEATHER:**  
SNOW  
TONIGHT,  
COLDER  
TOMORROW

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**FINAL EDITION**

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## SEC. BAKER QUOTES WOOD AND PERSHING AS APPROVING WAR DEPARTMENT'S COURSE

### MORE SNOW FORECAST BY WEATHERMAN FOR TONIGHT

District, Blanketed With Heaviest Fall in 19 Years, Finds Its Transportation Lines Paralyzed—Thousands Walk.

With the city of Washington paralyzed by the heaviest snowfall in nineteen years, snow or rainfall is again the forecast of the Weather Bureau for tonight.

Street cars are hours behind schedule, trains are running three to five hours late and some have been stopped, thousands of people walked in seven inches of snow, school children are forced to walk to and from their homes, and there is suffering all over the city.

Snow and colder in the West is the forecast for tonight for Maryland. Snow or rain and probably warmer is the forecast for the District of Columbia.

**Autos Carry People.**  
Passenger automobiles are loaded with people picked up on the line of travel from point to point about the city, and in one instance an officer of the Police Department, passing passing automobiles into service to relieve street car congestion.

Thousands of Government employees were late to their duties.

At strategic points street cars pulled their "plows" and caused serious tie-ups on the lines that were open at all, while many were closed. In the suburban districts hundreds of persons remained in their homes and refused to attempt the trip to town.

**Colder Tomorrow.**

Tuesday will be colder and probably fair, is the prediction of the Weather Bureau today. A continuation of snowfall in the east of the Plains States presages one of the worst periods of a snow and storm filled winter.

Seven inches of snow fell in the District between 11 o'clock last night and 11 this morning. Doorways were blocked where it had drifted with the freshening wind, and Washingtonians awoke to face many inconveniences.

The minimum temperature of the last twenty-four hours was 15 degrees above zero and the maximum 21. The minimum was reached this morning at 7:30 o'clock, and the maximum at midnight. The wind freshened from an average last night of (Continued on Page 2, Column 6.)

### "BUNK," SAYS BILLY OF BITTER ATTACK BY SECULAR LEAGUE

"I don't pay any attention to that bunk!"

In true Billy Sunday style, the evangelist, on his way to lunch with Congressman Borland and Champ Clark at the House of Representatives restaurant, today answered the attack on him by members of the Washington Secular League at their meeting Sunday afternoon when they discussed "Sundayism."

Poems were read caricaturing the evangelist, in one of which he was declared to be "like a man full of stupidity." Billy was also declared to be "1,500 years older than he thinks he is—he belongs to the Dark Ages!" His preaching was attacked, the veracity of some of his historical stories was attacked, and his slang was attacked.

The answer of the evangelist was typical.

"I don't pay any attention to that bunk. I don't listen to what those guys have to say. If I did, I wouldn't have time for anything else. I let them go their way and I go mine—but I always get 12 o'clock Billy and Ma, together with Congressman Borland and Speaker Clark went to lunch at the House. This is the only appointment Billy had scheduled for the day. He intends to take all the rest that he can in order to be in good shape for the work of the coming week.

Old Cotton Mather taught that the blissful in Heaven were made happier by looking down at their brothers and sisters burning forever.

Perhaps it is arranged so that the blissful up above get all the fun out of watching the others burning—while those that are burning get used to it and don't suffer so much. How would that be for a merciful compromise?

### KAISER IS HANGMAN, REVOLT, URGES NEWSPAPER

AMSTERDAM, Jan. 28.—Open demand that the German people revolt "to save themselves," and reference to the Kaiser as "Germany's hangman" was made by the Deutsches Tages Zeitung, in copies of that paper received here today. The Deutsches Tages Zeitung is the Agrarian conservative newspaper—organ of the land-owning class of Germany and not heretofore regarded as in the slightest degree radical.

### EXTRA GUARDS FOR SNOWDEN AT TOWSON

TOWSON, Md., Jan. 28.—When the fifth day of the trial of John Snowden, Annapolis negro, began here today, an extra guard had been placed about him. Snowden had been making inquiries as to the schedule on which the electric cars operate between here and Baltimore, the time required to make the run of about seven miles, and other details that led officers in charge of him to believe that he either planned attempting escape or felt so convinced that he will be acquitted that he was making plans for returning home.

Judge Frank J. Duncan and several court officials were snowbound today, and the court did not convene until after noon.

**State Soon to Rest.**  
Snowden is charged with the murder in Annapolis on August 8 last, of Mrs. Lottie May Brandon, aged twenty-one years, wife of seven months of Captain N. Brandon. They went to Annapolis from their home in Washington only a few months before the murder. The State is expected to rest today after introducing testimony by Dr. William Carr, assistant coroner of Washington, who will tell of the second autopsy held over the body of Mrs. Brandon in Washington.

Dr. Carr will describe the scars and marks on the face, neck, and knees of the dead woman. The State contends they were caused by Snowden. The defense will seek to show that the body was possibly tampered with after the woman was found dead in Annapolis, and that the condition of the body after it was taken to Washington had been tampered with as when it left Annapolis, several days previously.

Attorney A. Theodore Brady, leading counsel for the defense, states that the defense will require about three days in which to introduce its evidence.

**To Jury By Friday.**  
Several of the State's witnesses may be recalled to give rebuttal evidence. This would require another day, so the indications now are that the case will not go to the jury before Thursday night or Friday morning.

Snowden is beginning to exhibit a keen interest in the proceedings of his trial. For the first few days, as he sat part from his counsel, he appeared to be a disinterested spectator instead of a defendant in the case.

The trial throughout has been a little of wit between State's Attorney Nicholas H. Green, representing Anne Arundel county, where the crime was committed, and Attorney Brady, leading counsel for the defense.

State's Attorney George Hartman, of the Towson criminal court, who is associated with Mr. Green, is expected to participate in the cross-examination of the witnesses for the defense.

When the defense begins developing its case here today, more light may be thrown on the connection of Arthur Williams, a colored lawyer from Washington, with the case. Williams was associated with Snowden when the first attempt to try the case was made in Annapolis last November. C. Gus Grason, Towson lawyer, was retained last week, but Williams has remained in the case.

**ADVANCE SUPREME COURT HEARING ON CHILD LABOR**

Hearings on the constitutionality of the child labor law were advanced by the Supreme Court today on motion of Solicitor General John W. Davis.

The increased use of children in war industries makes a speedy decision necessary, the Government held.

Lower courts in the South have held the law unconstitutional.

### MANNEHEIM TERRORIZED BY ALLIED BOMB RAID

"Down With War; Give Us Peace," Shout Panic-Stricken Germans in Streets of Raided City.

LONDON, Jan. 28.—Allied air-men who raided Mannheim Thursday night caused unparalleled terror in that city, according to Geneva dispatches to the London Daily Express today, quoting several travelers from Germany.

One of these, an injured German, arrived at Basle. Despite police orders, he said, terror-stricken people rushed out of doors half-clothed and gathered in the streets.

The British raiders scored a direct hit on the barracks.

After the raid the travelers declared crowds assembled and shouted: "Down with war; give us peace."

**Five U. S. Flyers in Raid.**  
WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, Jan. 28.—Five American pilots attached to a French escadrille took part in a daylight raid over German soil on Saturday. It was learned today.

Excellent results were achieved despite the fact that the raid was (Continued on Page 2, Column 8.)

### INDUSTRIAL RIOTS AMONG GERMANS IN RHEINISH DISTRICTS

LONDON, Jan. 28.—Severe disturbances have occurred in Rhinish industrial districts, according to reports from The Hague printed today by the London Daily Mail.

The dispatch asserted that machine guns had been distributed to troops at Mulheim. No further details were given.

### SOCIALIST ELECTED TO REICHSTAG FROM MANUFACTURING TOWN

AMSTERDAM, Jan. 28.—Victory of a Socialist candidate, Herr Uhlig, over the Conservative aspirant, Dr. Herrmann in a bye-election to the Reichstag at Bautzen, Saxony, was reported in Berlin dispatches today.

The Socialist organ, Vorwaerts, is calling an opinion expressed by the Conservative Kreuz Zeitung, that the election would be "a test of the feeling of the German people," declared today that victory must come to the Socialist majority's policies.

Bautzen is a city in upper Saxony, twenty-one miles northeast of Dresden, on the river Spree. It is an important manufacturing center.

### CZERNIN IS ATTACKED FOR "FRATERNAL KISS" TO PRESIDENT WILSON

AMSTERDAM, Jan. 28.—German annexationist organizations fairly outdid themselves today in denunciation of Count Czernin, Austro-Hungarian foreign minister, for his hint of negotiations with President Wilson.

The climax was in the concluding statement of an article in the semi-official Cologne Gazette that Count Czernin had sent the text of his address to President Wilson in advance of its delivery.

"Count Czernin's offer to open negotiations with Wilson endangers Germany's life and interests," declared Count Von Reventlow, foremost advocate of Prussianism.

"We do not trust Czernin," said the Tagliche Rundschau.

The newspaper, Die Post, heads its violent attack on the Austro-Hungarian minister "Czernin's Fraternal Kiss for Wilson."

### COLLADAY MODIFIES CHURCH CLOSING

Acting Federal Fuel Administrator E. F. Colladay this afternoon issued a modification of the order issued by Fuel Administrator Weaver, closing two-thirds of the churches of Washington.

The modification provides that: All Catholic churches may be heated from 6 A. M. to 12:30 P. M. each day. All Protestant churches may be heated from 8 A. M. to 1 P. M. each Sunday. All of the churches to remain cold for all of the rest of the week.

### GRIM VISAGED PEACE



### LIVINGSTONE TO PRODUCE LETTERS IN PACKERS' PROBE

Collin H. Livingstone, Washington banker and financier, who was a central figure in the packing house inquiry of the Federal Trade Commission Saturday, probably will not appear today.

Mr. Livingstone, with the aid of an examiner from the commission, is searching his files for copies of letters asked for by the commission, with the expectation that they may show some light on activities of the packers in connection with the Bureau of resolution and other matters.

Mr. Livingstone probably will be asked to present these letters later.

An immediate "house cleaning" by the Federal Trade Commission to check further "leaks" of important information is to be undertaken.

One official at least is already slated to go.

Letters just unearthed in private files of Chicago meat packers, during the progress of the commission investigation, show packers, in August, 1916, obtained from secret files of the commission copy of a complaint of Representative Doolittle, Kansas, urging a probe of the packing houses.

R. C. McManus, special packer attorney then in Washington, wrote Henry Veeder, personal secretary to J. Ogden Armour.

"Complaints filed with the Federal Trade Commission are privileged, and not available to the public. However, herewith is the Doolittle complaint."

**May Have Named Officer.**  
Veeder, questioned by Special Investigator Twombly when he discovered this letter, is believed to have named the official responsible for the leak.

Careful internal grooming of the entire commission staff also was expected to discover just how far slush funds may have seeped through into the personnel.

Hearings in the packing house probe were to be continued early today, with (Continued on Page 2, Column 5.)

### 1,000 WASHINGTON HOMES WITHOUT COAL

"One thousand homes in Washington are without coal today. Up to date the supply received by Washington is nothing like adequate."

This statement was made today by Acting Fuel Administrator E. F. Colladay.

The Emergency Fuel Distribution Bureau, at Thirteenth and F streets, has no coal to go to these coalless homes. There which the bureau could draw this morning, though the hope was expressed that some would be received during the day.

The Emergency Bureau is open, but it has not been able to fill Saturday's orders for fuel to the families that are hard pressed and suffering. The bureau this morning hadn't a bit of coal, not even bituminous.

The unusual spectacle attracted the attention of many citizens who telephoned the District building, thinking that through some oversight the lights had been left burning.

The cost of the lights burning this morning, however, is no loss to the District government.

### BRITISH AVIATORS TO FLY OVER WASHINGTON

Aviators of the British mission will make several flights over the Capital within the next few days, according to announcement of Colonel Lee, head of the British flyers in America today.

Two British flying machines of the Aero type have arrived in Washington, and are being assembled at Potomac Park, from which point the flights will begin. Captain Bloomfield, Capt. T. B. Marsan, and Lieut. J. A. Bully, who have been in active service at the front, will make demonstrations daily if the weather permits.

### AMERICAN PATROL VESSEL WRECKED ON FOREIGN COAST

An American patrol vessel operating in European waters ran on a rock January 25, while driving through a heavy fog, the Navy Department announced today.

The vessel "probably will have to be abandoned. There were no casualties," the report added.

### WIRES BREAK AND LIGHTS BURN ENTIRE MORNING

Because several electric wires were down from the storm, 200 street lamps burned brightly until 9 o'clock this "coalless Monday" morning in Congress Heights, Anacostia, and along the roads to the District line.

With several wires down it was necessary to burn the lights while a test of the circuit was being made, according to Robert R. Hatterson, in charge of street lighting for the Potomac Electric Power Company.

The unusual spectacle attracted the attention of many citizens who telephoned the District building, thinking that through some oversight the lights had been left burning.

The cost of the lights burning this morning, however, is no loss to the District government.

### UKRAINIA PROCLAIMS HER INDEPENDENCE

PETROGRAD, Jan. 28.—The Ukrainian central rada, by a vote of 208 to 4 has decided to proclaim the complete independence of Ukraine.

The Petrograd commissioners are reproached in the proclamation, for delaying peace, and states Ukraine wishes the good-will of Roumania, Turkey, and other neighboring powers.

### EVERY MAN IN FRANCE IS FULLY EQUIPPED

Secretary Quotes Woman Writer to Offset Stories of Bad Treatment of Soldiers in the Camp Hospitals.

That Maj. Gen. Leonard Wood advocated calling out a large army, regardless of the supply of equipment, and that General Pershing had approved his course in manufacturing Enfield rifles, was Secretary Baker's statement before the Senate Military Affairs Committee today.

Every man in France, he said, is fully equipped.

The Secretary appeared before the committee to offset the impression throughout the world that the War Department "has fallen down," as charged recently by Senator Chamberlain.

**"Not Here To Defend."**  
"I am not here to defend myself or to deny that mistakes and failures have been made," Mr. Baker declared.

"The impression has gone abroad that the War Department has fallen down. The country is entitled to know whether that is a fact. It is entitled to know what this war is, what its problems are."

Mr. Baker then paid high tribute to army officers and civilian helpers of the War Department alike for their "devoted, untiring efforts to rush war preparations."

"When we have found errors we immediately have sought the remedy," he said. "I have no bias in favor of individuals. If General Crozier, myself, or any other should show up any morning in the casualty lists, it would not matter nearly so much as that this great enterprise should deserve the commendation that it has fallen down."

**Nearly Through Delays.**  
Mr. Baker's testimony here was interrupted by the noise from a huge throng which crowded outside the big room. Owing to hundreds who demanded entrance, the committee was forced suddenly to move its hearing from the Capitol to the Senate office building, and it was in the same room that America's great draft lottery was held last Saturday.

Today continued his address in behalf of the war work of the Administration.

The Secretary of War, on resuming speech in the Senate, after the instances of delay and neglect in Chamberlain's words were but isolated cases in the midst of a tremendous amount of successful work.

Referring to former assurances before the committee, Mr. Baker said he had every intention of being frank, but seemed to have created the impression that he was fencing, seeking to defend the indefensible and evading the truth.

**Aroused By Letters.**  
"Senator Chamberlain read two letters," said the Secretary, "which aroused every instinct of indignation and resentment. I wrote Senator Chamberlain at once, asking that the names of the writers and the names of the camps be given me. I wanted them and I want now to follow those cases through to the very end, that I may punish those guilty."

"Senator Chamberlain suggested that he got the letters in a confidential way, but said he will try to get a release of the letters that I may have them."

"These are two instances. I've had others. Some have proved not as serious as they at first appeared."

"When they have been due to the failure of the human element, punitive measures have been taken."

Mr. Baker cited three cases in which the department, he said, "firmly set its face against callous disregard of human life." Three officers have been court-martialed and dismissed from the army as a result of proof that they neglected their duty with regard to sick men in cantonments, he stated.

"I want the country to know that the health and care of the men in camps is a responsibility I will not allow to be dodged."

He next took up measures taken through the surgeon general's office, under his direct orders, to inspect camp hospitals.

"I select, Jr. Roger Hornsby an (Continued on Page 2, Column 1.)

Don't Forget This Is a Wheatless Day---Also Have One Meatless Meal